

DocDuck Functional Specification

SWEng Group 1

November 30, 2023

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Functional Spec Version	Release Date	Changes	Contributors
0.1.0	7/11/23	Initial Version. Created Sections: 1.1, 1.2, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4	wab513 jrb617 nc1196 ttc515 zm926 htsm500 js2140 rw1834 lw2380
0.2.0	21/11/23	Transferred V0.1.0 from .doc file to .TeX file. Created sections 3, 4 , 5	wab513 jrb617 nc1196 ttc515 zm926 htsm500 js2140 rw1834 lw2380
0.3.0	30/11/23	Created Section 7, clarified some parts of the scope, added an overview of the product. Added and Modified Mock-ups to match the "Use Case" section. Edited NFR with regards to feedback by SJP. If you change something write it here	wab513 zm926 js2140 lw2380 htsm500

1 Introduction

1.1 Product Overview

1.1.1 The Product

Our product is intended to provide businesses with an application that increases the efficiency of the maintenance engineering team by providing an easy and efficient way for engineers to access, edit, track and create documentation as well as provide easy and clear communication between admins engineers and operators. the application DocDuck is an all in one application for the documentation side of engineering from tracking diagnostic and calibration dates to having clear and easy access to maintenance history and number of parts in stock all in one convenient place. the three main pillars for DocDuck are affordability, efficiency and usability.

1.1.2 Our Intentions

- To provide an affordable versatile product for upcoming businesses as well as set up longstanding local businesses.
- To increase efficiency of the maintenance engineering sector by saving time on documentation.
- To provide a long lasting ever evolving product.
- To be the most customer friendly product of its genre on the market.
- To become versatile enough for multiple sectors of engineering and multiple business types.

1.2 Project Scope

By the time of project completion the project should be able to accomplish the following as a summary:

1.2.1 User roles and permissions

operator The operator will be able to:

1. View and book machines
2. Report broken machines (blocks out booking system)
3. Upload media with the breakdown report
4. Access limited search functionality (machines only)
5. Utilise operator specific tutorial

Engineer The engineer will be able to:

1. is able to do everything then operator can already do
2. Create and manage machine lists
3. Access each machines parts list
4. View repair history and replaced parts
5. add new machines to the list
6. Override blocked booking system for repairs
7. Set machine in a repair state and override said repair state

8. Access the full search system, allowing the engineer to search for particular machines as well as particular parts
9. View the booking state of machines whether active or inactive
10. Check machine part stock

Admin The admin will be able to:

1. is able to do everything the engineer can already do
2. Manage accounts, including password recovery
3. Update parts list and stock availability
4. Search functionality

1.2.2 Booking System:

here is the specific scope of the booking systems

1. Can check machine availability
2. Can book specific machines and times
3. Can block out machines for repairs
4. Can check a database for history of machine use and breakages
5. Will notify engineer of frequently breaking parts or machines

1.2.3 Machine Maintenance:

1. Monthly/set period notifications for diagnostics and re-calibrations
2. Audit dates recorded will give advanced notifications before the deadline
3. Engineers can book out service time

1.2.4 Breakdown report system:

here is the operations of the breakdown report system

1. Report machine failure or broken part
2. Add description and machine part code
3. Drop down section of all registered machines
4. Upload media showing the issue
5. Option to report without specifying an issue

1.2.5 Repair Logging System:

1. Engineers can describe and fix problems
2. Specify repaired or replaced parts
3. Request parts for fixing machines

1.2.6 Security:

1. passwords will be encrypted
2. packet encryption for server to server communication
3. two factor authentication for users logging in

1.2.7 Extra features:

These are extra features to be completed

1. Operators can request help from online engineers or admins
2. Notifications for online status changes for users
3. Engineers can announce when a machine has been fixed

2 Solution Overview

The product will be written in Java and will be provided as a desktop application, and the possibility of an additional web-app for portability is to be considered as well.

The application will access a cloud database so that it is not restricted to being used in one location (providing you have internet access), however, it also enables users to store files temporarily offline until they have a network connection and can then sync any data.

The application will be tailored for engineering labs and work spaces by providing a service which will allow users to track all the updates and fixes to machines as well as report any new faults. This is the general purpose of the software application.

2.1 Context Diagram

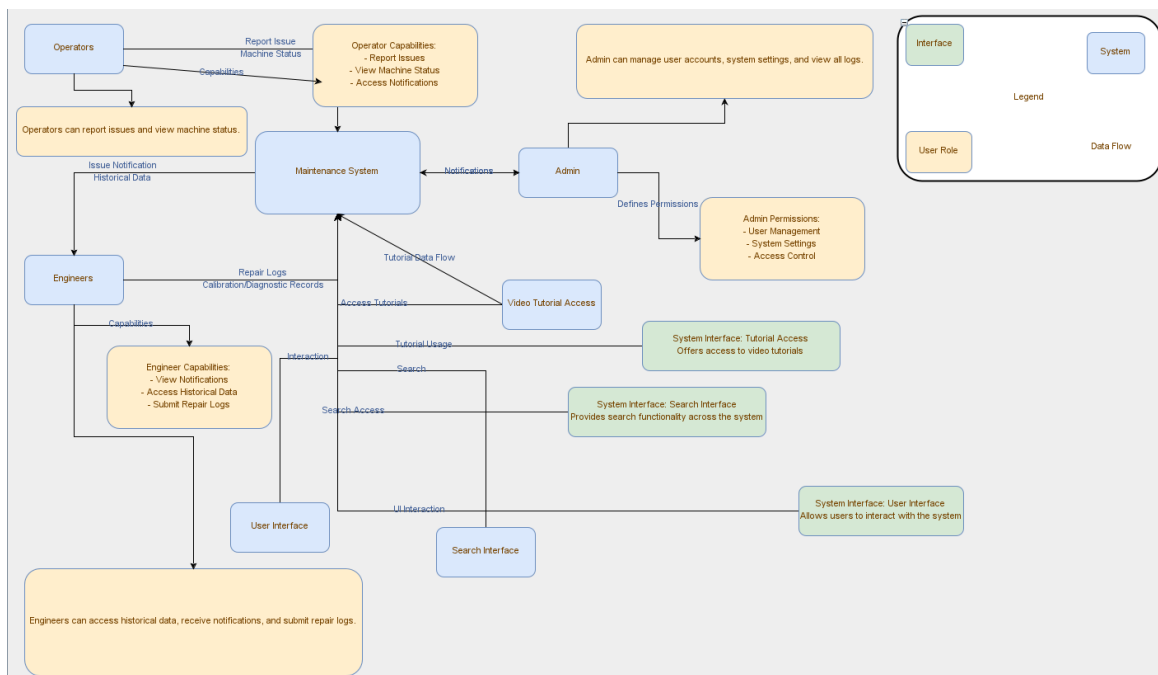


Figure 1: This is the context diagram

2.2 System Actors

2.2.1 User Roles and Responsibilities

User	Role	Frequency of use	Features used
Operator	Individual machine operator	Occasional, only when there is a machine fault	Minimal Access, logging machine faults and receiving confirmation when fixed
Engineer	Machine engineer	Frequent, notified when maintenance is required	Receiving maintenance requests, machine part lists, maintenance video watching. Making part purchase requests
Admin	System/company administrator	Occasional	Setting up accounts. Viewing machine statistics. Receiving part purchase requests.

Table 1: Different User types and their Responsibilities

2.3 Dependencies and Change Impacts

2.3.1 System Dependencies

1. Access to the internet for a cloud server or a local server to store data such as machine status, logs, login details, images and videos.
2. Computers that are capable of running the software and are compatible with Java.

2.3.2 Change Impacts

1. How issues with machines are reported.
2. How maintenance/repair is recorded.
3. How machine statistics are handled.
4. How administration manages the engineers and operators.
5. Customers may require transferring across a lot of past machine log history that has been stored in another format
6. Customers may previously have been using no form of maintenance system prior to DocDuck or may have been using a manual method with a log book or similar

2.4 Risks and Mitigations

Risk Description	Likelihood (1-5)	Impact (1-5)	Priority (1-25)	Mitigation
Lack of productivity & communication	3	4	12	Minimum of 1-2 weekly meetings and attendance recordings.
Incomplete requirements; may lead to incorrect implementation.	2	5	10	Conduct thorough requirement analysis and include detailed use cases, user stories, and prototypes.
Changes to the scope made after the initial scope is established.	2	4	8	Clearly define the scope of the project and implement a change control process in order to assess/approve any changes.
Ambiguous descriptions of functionalities may result in differing interpretations by developers	3	3	9	Ensure to use clear and concise language, providing examples and diagrams and mock-ups to illustrate complex ideas.
Critical method solutions & Problem diagnostics	5	5	25	Research on design implementation prior to semester 2. Plan additional meetings for software development and have an active communication across the team.
Learning/Education Disruptions	4	5	20	Communicate with the team online and include dynamic workloads for co-workers. Address future problems before they can occur so the team is able to react.
high spending or over-spending budget	2	2	4	Plan meetings and work ahead of time and stick to the financial plan laid out beforehand wherever possible.

Table 2: Project Risks and Mitigations

3 Functional Specifications

3.1 Purpose

This section covers the use cases of the software, the user environment, specifies the minimum and the recommended specifications for a user's system and software to ensure optimal software performance and user experience. These specifications aim to create a standardized, user-friendly, and secure environment for the software, ensuring compatibility, reliability, and an optimal user experience across diverse hardware and software configurations.

3.2 Use Case

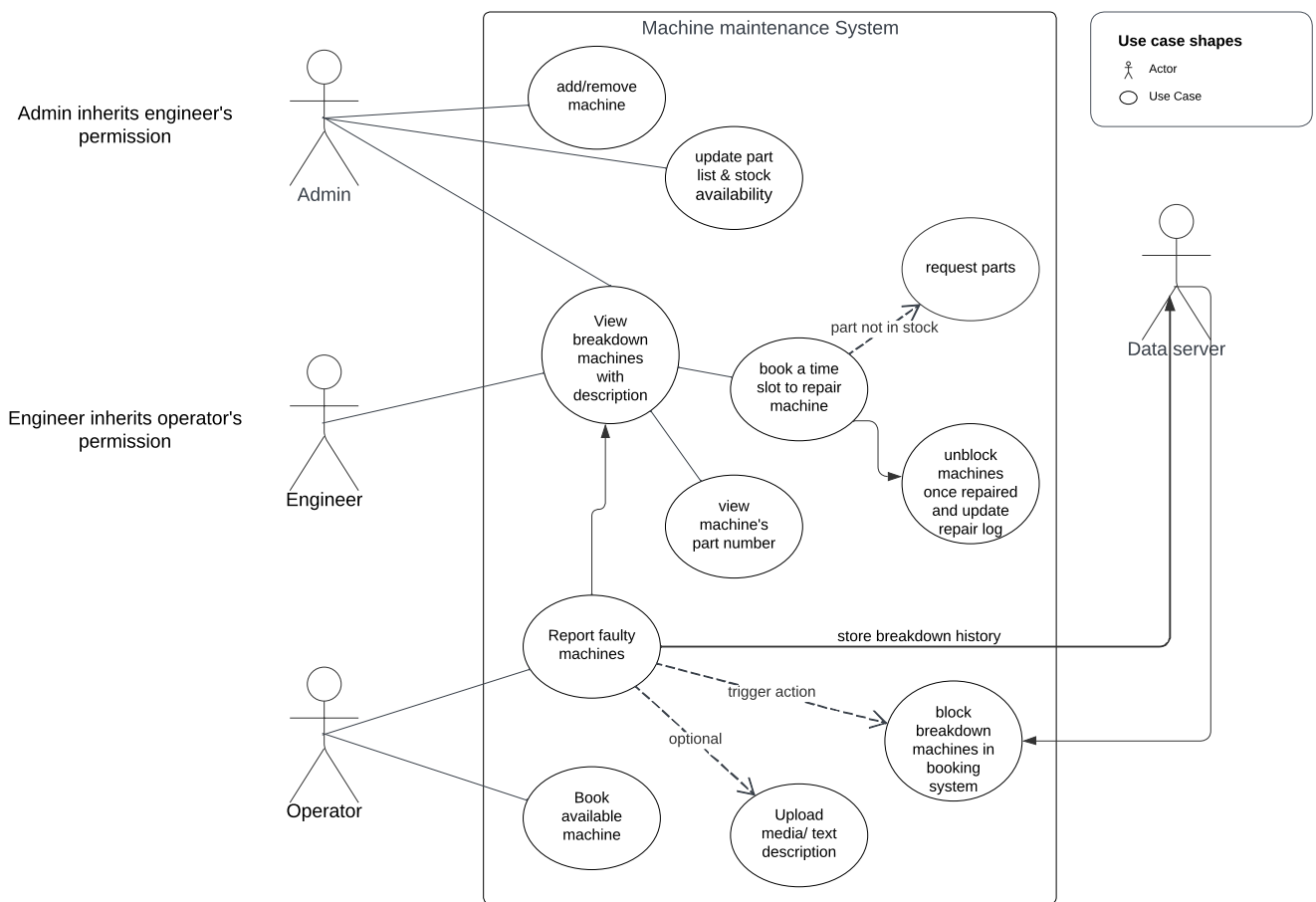


Figure 2: Machine maintenance use case

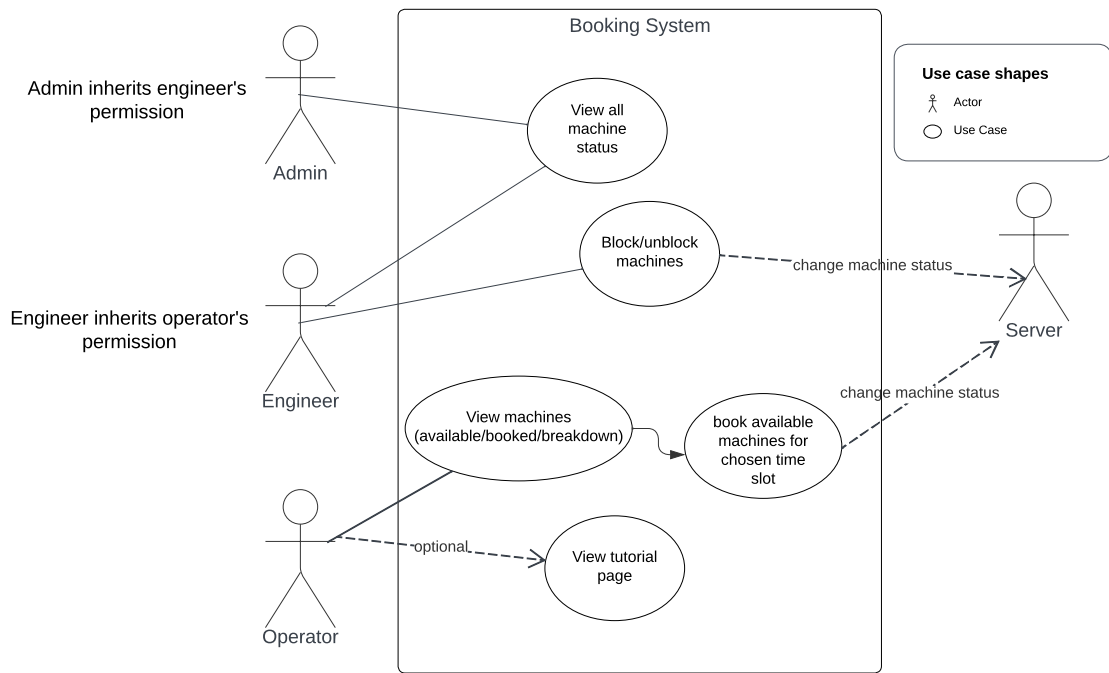


Figure 3: Booking use case

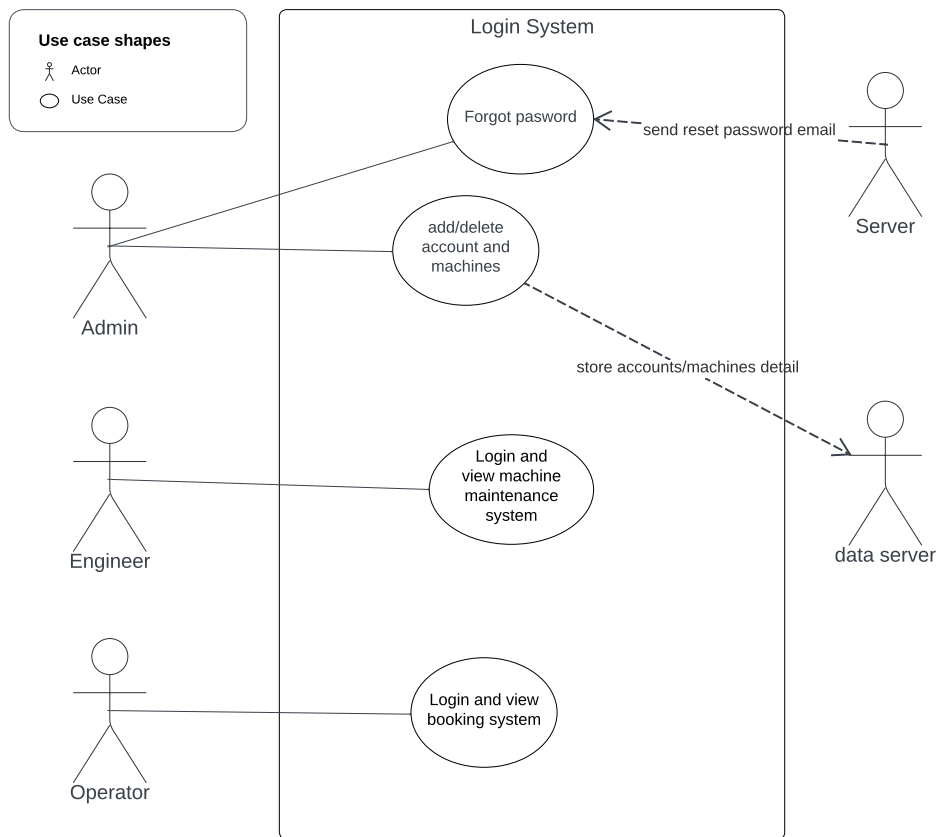


Figure 4: Login use case

3.3 Mock-up

3.3.1 Login Page Concept



Figure 5: UX App design (Figma)

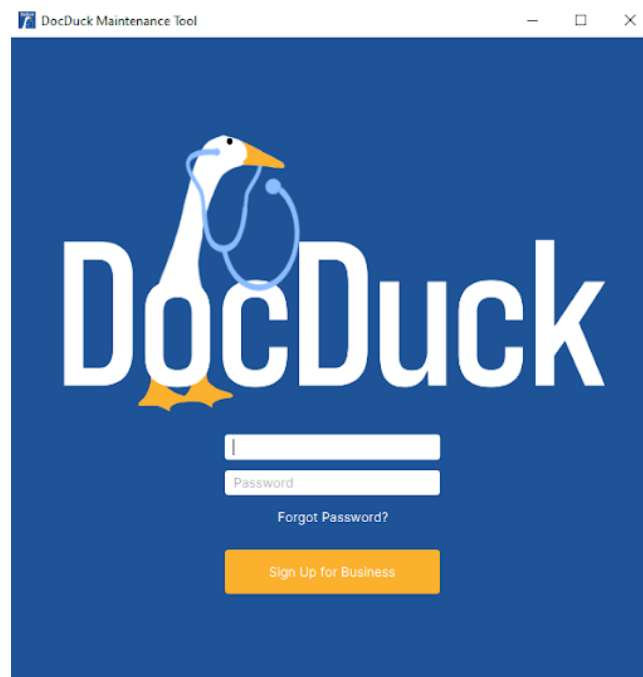


Figure 6: Java SDK 11 with JavaFX, Gradle and CSS Scalable Demo Design

3.3.2 Engineers Report Page Concept

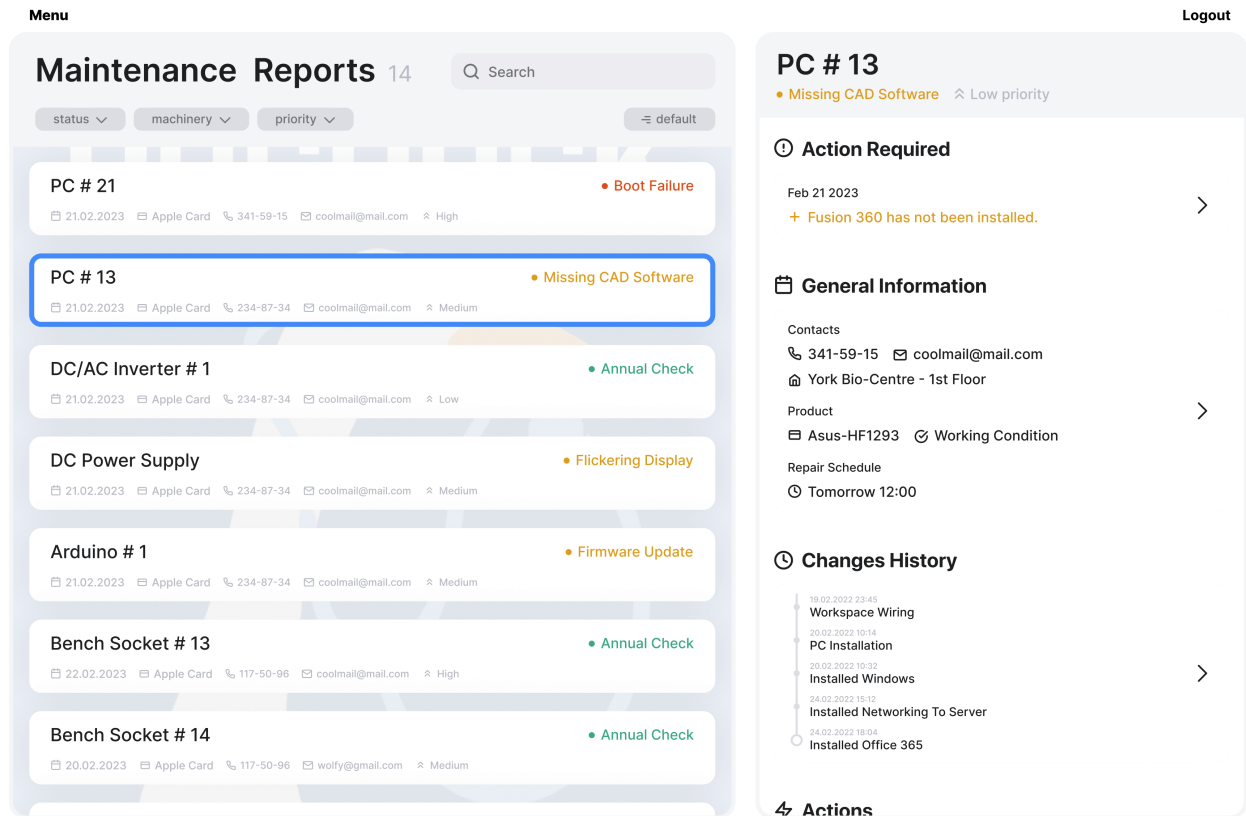


Figure 7: UX App design for Report(Figma)

Click on the Link for full Design and Animation

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1sb8_izIXL0lFaYa19TYT8eB6tycwF-gW/view?usp=drive_link

3.4 Functional Requirements

This section contains the requirements of running the application. It can be split into three sections consisting of software, hardware and also user environment requirements.

3.4.1 Hardware Requirements

- Minimum processor required.
- Recommended processor to run software at its optimum.
- Minimum RAM required.
- Recommended RAM to run software at its optimum.
- Minimum storage/hard disk space.
- Recommended storage availability.
- Keyboard and mouse for user input.
- Minimum screen resolution required.
- Recommended screen resolution to run software at its optimum.
- Network connection required to update machine and user information.

3.4.2 Software Requirements

- Supported operating system (e.g. Windows 10/11).
- Required frameworks or run time environments (Java).

3.4.3 User Environment Requirements

- User Accounts consisting of Operator, Engineer and Administrator; each with different permissions depending on role.
- Login credentials containing usernames and passwords. Furthermore, two factor authentication with encryption to combat an ever-changing data protection landscape.
- Localisation support with the correct time, date and language for the user interface.
- Security embedded into the software such as a firewall to protect data as mentioned above.
- Tutorials to guide users on the functionality of the software
- Updates process for the software for patches etc.

3.5 Field Level Specifications

Field Label	Users with access*	Mandatory?	Editable?	Data Type
User Name	All	Yes	Only by Admin once set	Alphanumeric
Password	All	Yes	Only by Admin once set	Alphanumeric
Fault Report: Machine name or auto generated	Operator	Yes	Yes	Alphanumeric
Fault Report: Machine problem	Operator	Yes	Yes	Alphanumeric
Fault Report: Problem Specifics	Operator	No	Yes	Alphanumeric
Fault Report: Media Upload	Operator	No	Yes	Video/ Photo
Search machines	All	No	Yes	Alphanumeric
Parts List: Search Parts	Engineer	No	Yes	Alphanumeric
Parts List: Remove Parts	Engineer	No	Yes	Integer
Parts List: Add Parts	Admin	No	Yes	Integer

Table 3: User Enter-able fields

*Engineer inherits Operator permissions and Admin inherits both permissions, This column is those roles who will access this field in normal use.

4 System Configuration

Configuration of the system involves several steps. Below is an overview of the key setups and configurations, including user accounts for admin, engineers, and operators. The configuration may vary based on the needs of the organisation.

4.1 User Authentication and Authorization

Intent/Purpose:

Ensure secure access to the application with appropriate permissions for different user roles.

Steps:

- Implement a user authentication system (such as username and password).
- Create user roles (admin, engineer, operator) with distinct permissions.
- Configure role-based access control.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Integrate with LDAP or OAuth for external authentication.

4.2 User Interface (UI) Configuration

Intent/Purpose:

Design an intuitive and user-friendly interface for different user roles.

Steps:

- Create separate UIs for admin, engineers, and operators.
- Customize dashboards based on the user's responsibilities.
- Implement responsive design for various devices.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Provide theme customization options.

4.3 Job Order and Maintenance Scheduling

Intent/Purpose: Efficiently manage job orders and maintenance schedules for machines.

Steps:

- Implement a job order creation and tracking system.
- Set up maintenance scheduling with notifications.
- Integrate with a calendar for visual representation.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Allow recurring maintenance schedules.
- Schedule maintenance automatically upon a critical failure.

4.4 Reporting and Analytics

Intent/Purpose:

Generate reports for performance analysis and decision-making.

Steps:

- Integrate reporting tools.
- Create predefined reports for admin and engineers and operators.
- Implement data analytics features.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Allow customization of reports.

4.5 Logging and Monitoring

Intent/Purpose:

Track machine activities and monitor performance.

Steps:

- Implement logging mechanisms for user actions and machine events.
- Set up monitoring for machine health and performance.
- Define alerts for critical events.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Automatically detect when a machine has failed or has faults.

4.6 Notifications and Alerts

Intent/Purpose:

Inform users about important events and impending maintenance.

Steps:

- Implement alerts for machine issues or upcoming maintenance.
- Allow customization of notification preferences.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Integrate with other messaging platforms like email or SMS.
- Provide escalation levels for critical alerts.

4.7 Integration with External Systems

Intent/Purpose:

Connect with the machines being used/monitored.

Steps:

- Define APIs for integration.
- Ensure data consistency and synchronization.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Use middleware for seamless integration.

4.8 Backup and Recovery

Intent/Purpose:

Protect against data loss and ensure system resilience.

Steps:

- Implement regular database backups.
- Define a disaster recovery plan.
- Test backup and recovery procedures periodically.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Use cloud-based backup solutions.
- Implement versioning for critical data.

4.9 Security Configuration

Intent/Purpose:

Safeguard the application against unauthorized access and data breaches.

Steps:

- Implement secure coding practices.
- Regularly update dependencies and libraries.
- Conduct security audits and penetration testing.

Alternatives/Customisations:

- Use encryption for sensitive data.
- Implement two-factor authentication.

5 Other System Requirements & Non-Functional Requirements

The Non-Functional Requirements can be compartmentalized into the following:

- **Performance and Scalability:** The response time of the system is high; the page must load within 2 seconds even under higher workloads. It must be designed for both small startup engineering companies as well as pre-existing companies that have a higher workforce, therefore under higher stress levels the product will continue to function at a high rate. The highest workloads the system will encounter: if multiple operators have breakdowns of machines and must log it using the system, and multiple engineers need to access the system to check the breakdowns and report when their machine is fixed.
- **Reliability:** The system is expected to operate without any failures. In the rare event of failure the software will automatically generate an error report, and the team will receive it swiftly. This ensures a rapid resolution to any problems.
- **Security:** All sensitive data including usernames and passwords must undergo encryption. We must conduct regular security audits to ensure any potential vulnerabilities are addressed. The system must include measures to prevent unauthorized modification of data; this includes the use of checksums and digital signatures as well as other integrity verification techniques.
- **Capacity:** There is no predefined system limit and is designed to handle dynamic workloads. It must be able to accommodate at least 100 users simultaneously without any serious degradation in performance. It must seamlessly accommodate new and additional users in order to meet the client's evolving needs. Administrators must be able to add users freely without concerns of system limitations. Regular load testing must be carried out to test the system's performance under stress conditions. The system must accommodate a growing database to allow engineer users to look at the history of a machine.
- **Usability:** The design must be user friendly, with new users being presented with a video tutorial of how to navigate and use the system. Common actions must be easily accessible with clear labelling. Must conduct client-side feedback through a feedback mechanism within the system to provide any missteps.

6 Reporting Requirements

text

7 Integration Requirements

The application will be a fully graphical program which will run on all major operating systems requiring Java and an internet connection. In order to meet all the requirements for the software, a number of external libraries and dependencies will be required. The libraries that will be used and the features they will be used for are presented below:

- **VLCJ:** A Java framework which allows an instance of native VLC media player to be embedded in the application to display and playback audio and video files
- **OpenJFX:** Open JavaFX is the modern version of JavaFX which used to be included in the JDK, now it is open source and separate. OpenJFX will allow the creation of rich client applications and having a GUI which will display the software allowing the user to interact and operate the application
- **SNF4J:** Simple Network Framework for Java is an asynchronous event driven network application framework. Utilising both this library along with `java.net` and `java.io` standard libraries will enable user uploaded files to be stored on a remote server and other media and information to be retrieved from the server for the client to display.
- **Java TOPT:** TOPT is a time-based one time password library for Java which allows users to generate and verify time-based passwords for multi-factor authentication. This will effectively enable Two-Factor Authentication to be used for all application users, adding additional security to the software application

External hardware will be required for the data server to run on, this will be suitably chosen to have enough processing power to handle all client requests and send & receive data. This server will be stored in a secure location at the company HQ. This hardware will require to run additional software which will enable the application to interface with it appropriately.

7.1 Exception Handling & Error Reporting

Exception	Error ID	Root Cause	User Impact	Handling Strategy
Database Connectivity Issue	DB_CONN_001	Failure in establishing connection with cloud database	Users unable to access machine data, book machines, or report breakdowns	Immediate alert to users, Error logging, Fallback to local cache, Notify administrators, Monitoring service
User Role Permission Error	USER_ROLE_002	Unauthorized access attempt	System integrity issues	Validate access control, Provide error messages, Log attempts, Notify admins
Machine Booking Conflict	BOOK_CONFLICT_003	Simultaneous booking attempts	Confusion, potential double-booking	Locking mechanism for booking, Conflict resolution, Real-time update
Machine Maintenance Alert Failure	MAINT_ALERT_004	System fails to send maintenance notifications	Missed maintenance schedules	Automatic rescheduling, Immediate notification to engineers, Log and report issue, System health check
Breakdown Report Error	BREAKDOWN_005	Incorrect or incomplete breakdown reports	Inaccurate maintenance response	Validate report entries, User guidance, Error messages, Admin review option
Repair Logging System Error	REPAIR_LOG_006	Failures in logging repair activities	Incomplete repair history	Automatic data validation, Log error details, Notify engineer and admin, Backup data entry options

Table 4: Exception Handling/Error Reporting

References